

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



## 1. Identification

### Names

**Product name** : Dettol Antibacterial Multipurpose Cleaner Trigger Spray - Fresh Lavender  
**SDS no.** : D8339158  
**Formulation #** : 8307688  
**Supplier** : AUSTRALIA  
RECKITT BENCKISER (AUSTRALIA) PTY LIMITED  
680 George St , Sydney, NSW 2000  
Tel: +61 (02) 9857 2000  
  
NEW ZEALAND  
Reckitt Benckiser (New Zealand) Limited  
2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna,  
Auckland, New Zealand 0622  
Tel: +64 9 484 1400  
  
**Poison Information contact:** : Australia - 13 11 26  
New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON

### Uses

**Product use** : Multipurpose Cleaner Consumer use

## 2. Hazard identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

### GHS label elements

#### **Hazard pictograms**

:



**Signal word** : **WARNING**

**Hazard statements** : **Causes serious eye irritation.**

#### Precautionary statements

**General** : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.  
**Prevention** : Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
**Response** : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
**Storage** : Not applicable.  
**Disposal** : Not applicable.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

| Ingredient name  | % (w/w) | CAS number |
|--|---------|------------|
| 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-                  | ≤5      | 77-92-9    |
| Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts | <2.5    | 68411-30-3 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

##### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 4. First-aid measures

- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

**Hazchem code** : Not applicable

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 6. Accidental release measures

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Australia

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name                             | Exposure limits   |
|---|---|
| 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- | <b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 10/2021).</b><br>PEAK: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction<br>TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction |

#### New Zealand

#### Occupational exposure limits

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Clear.]
- Colour** : Colourless.
- Odour** : Floral.
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : 2.7 to 3.3 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Not available.
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.
- Vapour pressure** : Not available.
- Relative vapour density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 1.006 to 1.026
- Solubility(ies)** :

| Media      | Result         |
|------------|----------------|
| cold water | Easily soluble |
| hot water  | Easily soluble |

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- Particle characteristics**
- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.
- Incompatible materials** : No specific data.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name   | Result    | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|---|-----------|---------|-------------|----------|
| 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts | LD50 Oral | Rat     | 11700 mg/kg | -        |
|   | LD50 Oral | Rat     | 1080 mg/kg  | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name   | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|---|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 750 ug | -           |
|   | Eyes - Severe irritant   | In vivo | -     | -               | -           |
|   | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 0.5 Milliliters | -           |

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Eyes** Calculation method Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Sensitisation

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Respiratory** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Conclusion/Summary

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy- | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Germ Cell Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 11. Toxicological information

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value      |
|-------|----------------|
| Oral  | 88524.59 mg/kg |

## 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                                      | Result                              | Species  | Exposure |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|----------|
| 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-                  | Acute LC50 160000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - Adult                                  | 48 hours |
| Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts | Acute LC50 5 mg/l Fresh water       | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                                      | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| 1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-                  | -1.8               | -   | low       |
| Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-13-alkyl derivatives, sodium salts | 3.32               | -   | low       |

### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



## 14. Transport information

|                            | ADG            | ADR/RID        | IMDG           | IATA           |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number                  | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name    | -              | -              | -              | -              |
| Transport hazard class(es) | -              | -              | -              | -              |
| Packing group              | -              | -              | -              | -              |
| Environmental hazards      | No.            | No.            | No.            | No.            |

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## 15. Regulatory information

### Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Not scheduled

**Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)** : All components are listed or exempted.

**HSNO Group Standard** : Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard)

**HSNO Approval Number** : HSR002530

**Approved Handler Requirement** : Not applicable.

**Tracking Requirement** : Not applicable.

## 16. Other information

**Key to abbreviations** :

- ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods
- ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons
- UN = United Nations
- SWA = Safe Work Australia
- HSNO = Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996

**Date of issue / Date of revision** : 06/01/2023

**Version** : v1.0L  
(Version for updated GHS Revision 7 PSDS Template)

### Procedure used to derive the classification

**Date of issue** : 06/01/2023

## 16. Other information

| Classification                                  | Justification      |
|---|--------------------|
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |

**References** : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.